



## International Scientific and Diplomatic Congress

**YALTA PEACE:**

**Historical Experience and Prospects**

valtapeace.ru

**The establishment of a humanistic and noospheric civilization and a sustainable multipolar world order based on the partnership of civilizations and leading powers led by the United Nations is the main path to overcoming the global crisis, strengthening peace, security and prosperity of states**

**Message of the participants of the International Scientific and Diplomatic Congress “Yalta Peace: Historical Experience and Prospects” dedicated to the 75th anniversary of the Yalta Conference, the UN and UNESCO (Moscow – Yalta – Sevastopol, October 5-9, 2020) to the leaders of States being permanent members of the UN Security Council, UN and UNESCO heads**

**1. The Yalta Conference and the Yalta Peace – the foundation of sustainable development in the second half of the XX century.**

1.1. During the Second World War, a unique institution of partnership between the three great powers – the leaders of the anti-Hitler coalition – the conference of the heads of the USSR, the USA and the UK was formed. At the Yalta Conference of the heads of the three great powers, strategic decisions were made that ensured the defeat of fascist Germany and militaristic Japan, the foundations of the post-war world order and the creation of the UN as the main mechanism for enabling the implementation of the Yalta Peace were determined.

1.2. Despite the outbreak of the Cold War and local military conflicts for half a century, led by the UN, relatively peaceful development was ensured without world wars, record rates of economic and social progress were achieved, and at the end of the century, measures were taken to end the Cold War and reduce the most dangerous types of weapons of mass annihilation. A number of major international joint projects were implemented to ensure strategic security, arms control, environmental security, space development, and preservation of the world cultural heritage.

The UN has developed a strategy for long-term sustainable development and proclaimed 2001 the year of dialogue between civilizations. The United Nations Alliance of Civilizations was created.

1.3. However, since the beginning of the XXI century, the course of geopolitical development has sharply changed for the worse. A wave of international terrorism has unfolded. A number of the aggressive wars arose bypassing the UN, a new round of the arms race began, having increased the risk of civilizations' self-destruction greatly. The Cold War has been revived at its worst. Waves of economic crises pass one after another, the rates of demographic and social development are on the decline. The ecological situation on Earth has deteriorated sharply. The number of victims is increasing and losses from natural and man-made disasters are growing, dangerous climate changes are observed. There are signs of degradation in the fields of science, education, culture, and ethics. These contradictions have become especially aggravated in the midst of the COVID-2019 pandemic and the global economic crisis in 2020.

These processes are based on the change of very-long-term dynamic cycles of world and local civilizations, the decline of industrial civilization and the tran-

## **2 Message of the participants of the International Scientific and Diplomatic Congress “Yalta Peace: Historical Experience and Prospects” dedicated to the 75th anniversary of the Yalta Conference, the UN and UNESCO (Moscow – Yalta – Sevastopol, October 5-9, 2020) to the leaders of States being permanent members of the UN Security Council, UN and UNESCO heads**

---

sition from the fourth generation of local civilizations with the dominance of the West to the fifth generation with the leadership of the East.

### **2. Establishment of a stable multipolar world order based on partnership of civilizations and leading powers is key to overcoming the global crisis**

2.1. Global communities belatedly and inadequately respond to drastic changes in the world and new formidable challenges of the XXI century. The confrontation between the great powers as well as the military and political blocks is growing. The strategic direction and effectiveness of the UN and UNESCO activities to ensure global security and radical changes in the world of civilizations have decreased. An urgent need has arisen for a deep scientific understanding of the global civilization crisis, the development of scientific foundations for a long-term strategy for overcoming it and entering the course of sustainable development and a multipolar world order.

2.2. This mission was undertaken by the Russian scientists together with like-minded people from other countries. They have developed and presented to the UN the Global Forecast “The Future of Civilizations 2050” (2009), reports “The Basics of the Long-Term Strategy for Sustainable Development Based on the Partnership of Civilizations” (2011), “Scientific Foundations of the Strategy for Overcoming the Civilization Crisis and Entering the Course of Global Sustainable Development” (2013), “System of Long-Term Goals for Sustainable Development of Civilizations” (2017), “The Strategy of Establishment a Sustainable Multipolar World Order Based on Partnership of Civilizations” (2017), “Strategy for Ensuring Global Security in a Sustainable Multipolar World Order Based on the Dialogue and Partnership of Civilizations” (2018), “Strategy for Noospheric, Energy and Ecological Partnership of Civilizations and Leading Powers” (2019), “Scientific Platform of Conferences of the Heads of States Being the Permanent Members of the UN Security Council” (2020), “Global Civilization Crisis 2020 – Start of the Transition to the New Historical Era” (2020), fundamental scientific paper “Theory and Strategy for the Establishment of a Sustainable Multipolar World Order Based on Partnership Between Civilizations and Leading Powers (Yalta Peace-2)” (2020).

2.3. Taking into account the historical experience of partnership between civilizations and great powers during the Second World War and the Yalta Peace, the Yalta Civilization Club developed the Scientific Foundations for a strategy for the establishment of a sustainable

multipolar world order based on the partnership of civilizations and leading powers (Yalta Peace-2). The fundamental scientific paper “Theory and Strategy for the Establishment of a Sustainable Multipolar World Order Based on Partnership Between Civilizations (Yalta Peace-2)” was prepared, published and presented at the International Scientific and Diplomatic Congress in October 2020. The recommendations of the Congress discussing the ways of implementing the strategy for the establishment of the Yalta Peace-2 were approved.

### **3. Scientific platform of conferences of the heads of states being permanent members of the UN Security Council**

3.1. The congress participants consider it necessary to use the historical experience of holding conferences of the heads of the leading powers to develop a common strategy in the context of global crises that threaten the future of civilizations. We support the proposal of the President of the Russian Federation V.V. Putin about the meeting of the heads of states being permanent members of the UN Security Council responsible for ensuring peace and preserving civilizations. At the meeting of the heads of states being permanent members of the UN Security Council, we propose to agree on the preparation and holding of the first conference of the heads of states being permanent members of the UN Security Council and further, regular meetings to discuss the key problems of overcoming the crises of global development and strengthening security. In particular, to hold, in Saint Petersburg in 2021, the first conference of the heads of states being permanent members of the UN Security Council with the participation of the UN Secretary General and subsequent conferences in 2022–2025 in the capitals of states being permanent members of the UN Security Council in a mutually agreed program.

3.2. Congress participants propose the following provisional agenda for conferences.

3.2.1. Ensuring strategic stability, ending the arms race, developing confidence-building measures, joint struggle against international terrorism and the danger of nuclear weapons proliferation and testing.

3.2.2. Implementation of measures for dangerous epidemics control and protection of the population health, eradication of hunger and poverty, improvement of the level and quality of life of the population while reducing the gap between rich and poor countries and social strata.

3.2.3. A joint platform for responding to negative climate change (especially in the Arctic and

### 3 Message of the participants of the International Scientific and Diplomatic Congress “Yalta Peace: Historical Experience and Prospects” dedicated to the 75th anniversary of the Yalta Conference, the UN and UNESCO (Moscow – Yalta – Sevastopol, October 5-9, 2020) to the leaders of States being permanent members of the UN Security Council, UN and UNESCO heads

Antarctica), efficient use of energy and other natural resources, comprehensive environmental improvement and an adequate response to natural disasters and disasters.

3.2.4. Joint measures to overcome the global economic crisis, improve the economy and accelerate economic growth, ensure financial and price stability and predictability.

3.2.5. Large-scale implementation of the achievements of the modern scientific and technological revolution, acceleration of labor productivity growth, assistance to low-income countries, especially in Africa, in overcoming the technological gap, humanitarian content of the information space and joint programs and projects in the field of space exploration, use and development.

3.2.6. Enhancing the strategic direction and effectiveness of the UN in the development and implementation of a strategy for the establishment of a sustainable multipolar world order based on the dialogue of civilizations (Yalta Peace-2) and enhancing the role of the UN Security Council in ensuring strategic stability, global arms control, ending the arms race, as well as in strengthening environmental and social security.

3.3. Measures justified by the conferences of the states being permanent members of the UN Security Council shall be considered by the UN Security Council, the G20, the UN General Assembly and form the basis for the development of long-term strategies, programs and international projects for the implementation of the Yalta Peace-2, as well as decade plans for global development and partnership strategies, updated and renewed every five years.

3.4. We propose to develop and discuss at the summit (the UN conference “Rio+30”) in 2022 a global development strategy 2032, based on the revised sustainable development goals 2030, approved at the 70th session UN General Assembly in September 2015.

3.5. The congress participants consider it necessary to significantly increase the role of science in enhancing the scientific validation of strategic decisions taken and recommend to involve eminent scientists to prepare documents for the conference of the heads of states which are permanent members of the UN Security Council, to create scientific expert councils under the UN Security Council, the UN Secretary General, functional and regional organizations of the UN system and to establish a procedure for scientific expertise of projects and strategic decisions taken and scientific support for their implementation.

\* \* \*

Participants of the International Scientific and Diplomatic Congress “Yalta Peace: Historical Experience and Prospects” dedicated to the 75th anniversary of the Yalta Conference, the establishment of the UN and UNESCO (Moscow – Yalta – Sevastopol, October 5-9, 2020) express hope that the heads of state being permanent members of the UN Security Council and the leadership of the UN and UNESCO will accept the recommendations of scientists and diplomats, which will contribute to overcoming the global crisis and the establishment of a stable multipolar world order on the basis of a constructive dialogue and fruitful partnership of civilizations and leading powers (Yalta Peace-2).

Organizers:



Partners:



РУССКИЙ  
БИОГРАФИЧЕСКИЙ  
ИНСТИТУТ



PALMIRA PALACE  
Report and Opinions

With the support of:



Information partners:



НАУЧНО-ПРАКТИЧЕСКИЙ ЖУРНАЛ  
МИКРОЭКОНОМИКА

*The event is supported by the grant from the President of the Russian Federation provided by the Presidential Grant Foundation*